

→ Factorize :

(i) $9 - x^2$

Sol: $9 - x^2$ $\therefore a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$
 $= (3)^2 - (x)^2$

$= (3-x)(3+x)$ Ans:-

(ii) $-6 + 6y^2$

Sol: $-6 + 6y^2$

$= 6y^2 - 6$

$= 6(y^2 - 1)$

$= 6\{(y)^2 - (1)^2\}$

$= 6(y+1)(y-1)$ Ans:

(iii) $11(a+b)^2 - 99c^2$

Sol: $11(a+b)^2 - 99c^2$

$= 11\{(a+b)^2 - 9c^2\} = 11\{(a+b)^2 - (3c)^2\}$

$= 11(a+b+3c)(a+b-3c)$ Ans:-

(iv) $\left(x - \frac{9}{5}\right)^2 - \frac{36}{25}y^2$

Sol: $\left[x - \frac{9}{5}\right]^2 - \frac{36}{25}y^2$

$= \left[x - \frac{9}{5}\right]^2 - \left[\frac{6}{5}y\right]^2$

$= \left\{\left(x - \frac{9}{5}\right) + \frac{6}{5}y\right\} \left\{\left(x - \frac{9}{5} - \frac{6}{5}y\right)\right\}$

$= \left[x - \frac{9}{5} + \frac{6}{5}y\right] \left[x - \frac{9}{5} - \frac{6}{5}y\right]$ Ans:-

$$\text{Q. } 36 \left[x - \frac{1}{4} \right]^2 - 64 \left[x - \frac{5}{4} \right]^2$$

(ii)

$$\text{Sol: } 36 \left[x - \frac{1}{4} \right]^2 - 64 \left[x - \frac{5}{4} \right]^2$$

$$= \left\{ 6 \left(x - \frac{1}{4} \right) \right\}^2 - \left\{ 8 \left(x - \frac{5}{4} \right) \right\}^2$$

Sol

$$= \left(6x - \frac{6}{4} \right)^2 - \left(8x - \frac{40}{4} \right)^2$$

$$= \left\{ \left(6x - \frac{6}{4} \right) + \left(8x - \frac{40}{4} \right) \right\} \left\{ \left(6x - \frac{6}{4} \right) - \left(8x - \frac{40}{4} \right) \right\}$$

$$= \left[6x - \frac{6}{4} + 8x - \frac{40}{4} \right] \left[6x - \frac{6}{4} - 8x + \frac{40}{4} \right]$$

$$= \left[6x + 8x - \frac{6}{4} - \frac{40}{4} \right] \left[6x - 8x - \frac{6}{4} + \frac{40}{4} \right]$$

$$= \left[14x - \frac{46}{4} \right] \left[-2x + \frac{34}{4} \right]$$

$$= \left[14x - \frac{23}{2} \right] \left[-2x + \frac{17}{2} \right]$$

$$= \left[\frac{28x - 23}{2} \right] \left[\frac{-4x + 17}{2} \right] \quad \text{Ans:}$$

⇒ Evaluate the following:-

$$\text{iv } (371)^2 - (129)^2 \quad \therefore a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$$

$$\text{Sol: } = (371 + 129)(371 - 129)$$

$$= (500)(242)$$

$$= 121000 \quad \text{Ans:-}$$

$$(ii) (0.409)^2 - (0.391)^2$$

$$(0.409)^2 - (0.391)^2$$

$$\underline{\text{Sol:}} (0.409)^2 - (0.391)^2$$

$$(0.409 - 0.391) \therefore a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$$

$$= (0.409 + 0.391)(0.409 - 0.391)$$

$$(0.409 + 0.391)$$

$$= 0.409 + 0.391$$

$$= 0.800 \quad \boxed{0.8} \text{ Ans: -}$$

Exercise : No: 6.6

→ Factorize :

$$(i) a^2 + 2ab + b^2 - c^2$$

$$\underline{\text{Sol:}} a^2 + 2ab + b^2 - c^2 \quad \therefore (a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$

$$= (a^2 + 2ab + b^2) - (c)^2$$

$$= (a+b)^2 - (c)^2 \quad \therefore a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$$

$$= (a+b+c)(a+b-c) \text{ Ans: -}$$

$$(ii) 9a^2 - 6ab + b^2 - 16c^2$$

$$\underline{\text{Sol:}} (9a^2 - 6ab + b^2) - 16c^2$$

$$= \{ (3a)^2 - 2(3a)(b) + (b)^2 \} - (4c)^2$$

$$= (3a - b)^2 - (4c)^2$$

$$= (3a - b + 4c)(3a - b - 4c) \text{ Ans: -}$$

$$(iii) a^2 + b^2 + 2ab - 9a^2b^2$$

$$\underline{\text{Sol:}} (a^2 + b^2 + 2ab) - (9a^2b^2)$$

$$= (a+b)^2 - (3ab)^2$$

$$= (a+b+3ab)(a+b-3ab) \text{ Ans: -}$$