

Class 8th

Unit 5

Exercise 5.1
(Solution)

1. Write the constants given in the expression.

(i) $3x + 4$
Constants are 3, 4

(iii) $5y + 2x$
Constants = 5, 2

(ii) $2x^3 - 1$
Constants = 2, 3, 1

(iv) $7y^2 - 8$
Constants = 7, 2, 8

2. Write the variables taken in the equations.

(i) $2x - 1 = 0$
Variable = x

(ii) $y + x = 3$
variables = x and y

(iii) $x^2 - x - 1 = 0$
variable = x

(iv) $7y^2 - 2y + 3 = 0$
Variable = y

3. Write the literals used in equations

(i) $ax^2 + bx + c - y = 0$

literals = a, b, c

(ii) $cx^2 + dx = 0$

literals = c, d

(iii) $bx + d = 0$

literals = b, d

(iv) $ay^2 + d = 0$

literals = a, d

4. Separate the polynomial expressions and expressions that are not polynomial.

Polynomial ∴ Condition for polynomial is power of variable should be positive or whole number.

Polynomial

Not polynomial

$$x^2 + x - 1$$

$$x^{-2} + y + 7$$

$$x^2y + xy^2 + 7$$

$$\frac{x}{y^2} + 1 - \frac{y^2}{x}$$

$$x^3 - x^2 + y - 1$$

$$x^4 + x^2 + 5x + \frac{1}{2}$$

5. What constants are used in the following expressions.

Constants

(i) $7x - 6y + 3z = 0$

7, 6, 3

(ii) $5x^2 - 3$

5, 2, 3

(iii) $8x^2 + 2y + 5$

8, 2, 5

(iv) $9y + 3x - 2z$

9, 3, 2

6. Write the degree of the polynomial

Degree:

Highest power of individual term.

Degree

(i) $x + 1$

1

(ii) $x^2 + x$

2

(iii) $x^3 - xy + 1$

3

(iv) $x^2y^2 + x^3 + y^2 = 1$

4

$2+2=4$ (power add)

7. Separate the polynomial as
linear, quadratic, cubic and biquadratic.

Linear	degree = 1
Quadratic	degree = 2
Cubic	degree = 3
Biquadratic	degree = 4

(i) $3x + 1$
degree = 1 Linear

(ii) $x^2 - 2$
degree = 2 Quadratic

(iii) $y^2 - y$
degree = 2 Quadratic

(iv) $x + y$
degree = 1 Linear

(v) $x^3 + x^2 - 2$
degree = 3 cubic

(vi) $x^4 + x^3 + x^2$
degree = 4 Biquadratic

(vii) $x^2y^2 + xy$
degree = 4 Biquadratic

(viii) $x^2 + xy + 8$
degree = 2 Quadratic