

Words	Pronunciation	Meanings	Words	Pronunciation	Meanings
Reform	ri''fɔ:m	اصلاح کرنا	Task	tɑ:sk	کام
Dynamic	daɪ'næm.ɪk	متحرک	Enormity	i'nɔ:.mə.ti	کثرت
Motto	mɒt.əʊ	منشور	Subcontinent	sʌb'kɒn.tɪ.nənt	برصغیر
Principle	'prɪn.t.sə.pl	اصول	Affirm	ə'fɜ:m	زور سے کہنا
Pivot	pɪv.ət	محور	Distinctive	dɪ'stɪŋk.tɪv	امتیازی
Challenges	'tʃæl.ɪndʒ, -əndʒ	مشکلات	Civilization	sɪv.əl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən	تہذیب
Separate	sep.ər.ət	علیحدہ	Determination	dɪ,tɜ:.mɪ'neɪ.ʃən	عزم
Morale	mə'rɑ:l	حوصلہ	Stay	steɪ	قائم رہنا
Fundamental	fʌn.də'men.təl	بنیادی	Identity	aɪ'den.tə.ti	پہچان
Emerging	i'mɜ:dʒɪŋ	ابھرتی ہوئی	Outlook	aʊt.lʊk	نقطہ نظر
Numerous	'nju:.mərə.əs	لا تعداد	Independent	ɪn.dɪ'pen.dənt	آزاد
Sterling	stɜ:.lɪŋ	عمدہ	Merge	mɜ:dʒ	مدغم کرنا
Unity	ju:.nə.ti	اتحاد	Attempt	ə'tempt	کوشش
Leadership	li:.də.ʃɪp	قیادت	Political	pə'lɪt.ɪ.kəl	سیاسی
Code	kəʊd	ضابطہ	Aim	eɪm	مقصد
Collectively	kə'lek.tɪv	اجتماعی طور پر	Struggle	strʌg.l	جدوجہد
Individually	ɪn.dɪ'vɪdʒ.u.əli	انفرادی طور پر	Spirit	spɪr.ɪt	جذبہ

The QUAID'S VISION AND PAKISTAN

قائد کا تصور اور پاکستان

1. During the early and difficult times of Pakistan's emergence, Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah, undertook a countrywide tour. He aimed at raising people's spirit.

"Do not be overwhelmed by the enormity of the task", he said in a speech at Lahore, "There are many examples in the history of young nations building themselves up by sheer determination and force of character. You are made of sterling material and second to none. Keep up your morale. Do not be afraid of death. We should face it bravely to save the honour of Pakistan and of Islam. Do your duty and have faith in Pakistan. It has come to stay."

2. The whole journey of the great leader's struggle for a separate homeland for the Muslims of the subcontinent was based on the pivot of the Muslim unity and oneness as a nation. He talked about Pakistan in such clear terms that a common man could understand it. (Board 2016)

"We are a nation," he affirmed three years before the birth of Pakistan, "with our own distinctive culture and civilization, language and literature, art and architecture, names and nomenclature, sense of values and proportion, legal laws and moral codes, custom and calendar, history and tradition, aptitude and ambitions - in short, we have our own distinctive outlook on life." (Board 2016)

3. The ideology of Pakistan was based on the fundamental principle that the Muslims are an independent nation.

پاکستان بننے (ظہور پاکستان، قیام پاکستان) کے ابتدائی اور مشکل زمانے میں، قائد اعظم محمد علی جناح نے ایک ملک گیر دورہ کیا۔

ہم کی کثرت سے مغلوب نہ ہونا" آپ نے لاہور میں تقریر کرتے ہوئے کہا۔ "نئی قوموں کی تاریخ میں ایسی بہت سی مثالیں ہیں جنہوں نے محض پختہ ارادے اور کردار کی طاقت سے اپنی تعمیر کی۔ آپ اپنی قوموں کے مالک ہو اور آپ کا کوئی ثانی نہیں۔ اپنا عرصہ بلند رکھو۔ ہمت سے مت ڈرو۔ ہمیں پاکستان اور اسلام کے وقار کی حفاظت کیلئے اس کا برداری سے سامنا کرنا چاہیے۔ اپنا فرض ادا کرو اور پاکستان پر یقین (ایمان) رکھو۔ یہ قائم رہنے کیلئے وجود میں آیا ہے۔"

۱۔ برصغیر کے مسلمانوں کیلئے ایک علیحدہ وطن کے لئے اس عظیم رہنما کی جدوجہد کا پورا سفر مسلم اتحاد اور قومی یکجہتی کے محور پر مبنی تھا۔ آپ پاکستان کے بارے میں ایسے واضح انداز میں بات کرتے کہ ایک عام انسان بھی اس کو سمجھ سکتا تھا۔

"ہم ایک قوم ہیں"، آپ نے پاکستان بننے سے تین برس پہلے پُر زور انداز میں کہا۔ "ہماری منفرد ثقافت اور تہذیب، زبان اور ادب، فن اور فن تعمیر، نام اور نام رکھنے کے فطری اصول، اقدار کا احساس اور تہذیب، قوانین اور اخلاقی ضوابط، رواج اور تقویم، تاریخ اور روایت، رجحان اور خواہشات ہیں۔ مختصراً یہ کہ ہم زندگی کے بارے میں ایک جداگانہ نظریہ رکھتے ہیں۔"

۳۔ نظریہ پاکستان اس بنیادی اصول پر استوار تھا کہ مسلمان ایک خود مختار قوم ہیں۔

Any attempt to get them merge their national and political identity will be strongly resisted.

ان کی قومی اور سیاسی شناخت مدغم کرنے (علم کرنے) کی کسی بھی کوشش کی سختی سے مزاحمت کی جائے گی۔

4. Quaid-e-Azam was a man of strong faith and belief. He firmly believed that the new emerging state of Pakistan based on Islamic principles would reform the society as a whole. In his Eid message, September 1945, Quaid-e-Azam said, "Islam is a complete code regulating the whole Muslim society, every department of life collectively and individually".

۴۔ قائد اعظم پختہ ایمان اور یقین رکھنے والے شخص تھے۔ آپ کا پختہ ایمان تھا کہ اسلامی اصولوں پر مبنی پاکستان کی ابھرتی ہوئی نئی ریاست معاشرے کی بحیثیت مجموعی اصلاح کرے گی۔ ستمبر 1945ء میں اپنے عید کے پیغام میں قائد اعظم نے فرمایا۔ "اسلام ایک مکمل ضابطہ ہے جو پورے مسلم معاشرے، زندگی کے ہر شعبے کو مجموعی اور انفرادی طور پر چلاتا ہے۔"

5. Today the Quaid's Pakistan is facing numerous challenges. We have forgotten how much struggle Muslims had made under the dynamic leadership of Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah. We can overcome our present difficulties by following the Quaid's golden motto, "Faith, Unity and Discipline". We can make our nation strong by remembering his advice to the youth, "It is now up to you to work, work and work; and we are bound to succeed." (Board 2016)

۵۔ آج قائد اعظم کا پاکستان بہت سی مشکلات سے دوچار ہے۔ ہم بھول چکے ہیں کہ مسلمانوں نے قائد اعظم محمد علی جناح کی متحرک قیادت میں کتنی جدوجہد کی۔ ہم قائد اعظم کے سنہری قول "ایمان، اتحاد اور تنظیم" پر عمل پیرا ہو کر اپنی موجودہ مشکلات پر قابو پا سکتے ہیں۔ ہم قائد اعظم کی نوجوانوں کو نصیحت "اب یہ آپ پر ہے کہ کام کام اور بس کام کرو اور آپ لازمی طور پر کامیاب ہو گے" یاد دلا کر، اپنی م کو مضبوط بنا سکتے ہیں۔

ORAL ACTIVITY

Discuss the following in groups:

(a) Why did Quaid-e-Azam ignore his ever failing health? 09606001

Ans. He wanted to make Pakistan a great Muslim state. This demanded untiring effort and continuous work. So he worked hard day and night to achieve the great stature for Pakistan among the comity of nations and ignored his ever failing health.

(b) Why did he wish for complete harmony and unity among the people of Pakistan? 09606002

Ans. Quaid-e-Azam wished complete harmony

and unity among the people of Pakistan because he wanted to see Pakistan as a great Muslim state in the world and greatness can be achieved only through unity and harmony among the people of a country.

(c) What can be the outcome of ignoring Quaid's advice? 09606003

Ans. If we ignore the advice of Quaid-e-Azam, we will fall a prey to disunity and disharmony. We will not be able to cope with the challenges of the modern world and become a victim of enemy.

COMPREHENSION

Answer the following questions.

1. How much confidence did Quaid-e-Azam have in his nation? (Board 2016) 09606004

Ans. Quaid-e-Azam had great confidence in his nation. He believed that this nation could become the greatest Islamic nation if they would become united. He also believed that this nation had great qualities to make progress.

2. What was the Quaid's concept of our nation? (Board 2016) 09606005

Ans. Quaid-e-Azam wanted the oneness of the whole nation. He believed that we should have our own distinctive outlook and we should think beyond all prejudices.

3. What was the ideology of Pakistan in view of Quaid-e-Azam? 09606006

Ans. According to Quaid-e-Azam, the ideology of Pakistan was based on the fundamental principle that the Muslims are an

independent nation and any attempt to get them merge will not only be resisted but it will be futile.

4. What can be the possible solution to our present problems? 09606007

Ans. The solution of our present problems is that we should follow the footsteps of our Quaid and be united as a nation. We should work hard and try to transform the dream of Quaid-e-Azam into reality.

5. How can we become a strong nation? (Board 2016) 09606008

Ans. We can become a strong nation by removing disharmony and disunity among the people and by working hard and overcoming our individual and provincial differences. We should follow the footsteps of Quaid-e-Azam.

BOX / ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS

1. Why did the Quaid have to take long tours during early days of independence? 09606009

Ans. During the early days of independence, the Quaid undertook countrywide tour. He aimed at building confidence and raising people's spirit.

2. Why did the Quaid want the oneness of the whole nation? (Board 2016) 09606010

Ans. The first and foremost strength depends on unity. The Quaid wanted to see Pakistan a democratic and 'inevitable' state. That's why he was desirous of unity (oneness) of the whole nation.

3. Are we working according to the expectations of the great leader? 09606011

Ans. No, we have completely forgotten and deviated from the path shown to us by the great leader, M.A. Jinnah. We are just working for the sake of ourselves not for our nation.

4. What is the result of neglecting the advice of the Quaid? (Board 2016) 09606012

Ans. The result of neglecting the advice of the Quaid is that we are falling a prey to severe social disease like computation, nepotism, disunity and disintegration, etc. We have indulged in nation numerous challenges i.e. sectarianism and provincialism.

5. What would Quaid feel to see the present condition of the country and the nation?

09606013

Ans. He would surely be disappointed to see the miserable condition of the poor people in the country, to see the disharmony and

disunity among the people.

6. What does love of our country demand from us? (Board 2016)

09606014

Ans. Our love for our country demands that we should work hard for the prosperity of our country to achieve a better future.

VOCABULARY

A. Encircle the option for the underlined words that relates to the text.

i. "We are a nation". He affirmed three years before the birth of Pakistan. 09606015

- a) told
- b) said emphatically
- c) broke in

ii. The Quaid was a man of strong faith and belief in religion. 09606016

- a) firmfaith
- b) powerful faith
- c) wavering faith

iii. Keep up your morale. 09606017

- a) wealth
- b) self-esteem

c) voice

iv. Do not be afraid of death. 09606018

- a) attended to
- b) scared
- c) squared up

v. We should face it bravely to save the honour of Pakistan and Islam. 09606019

- a) repair
- b) cope with
- c) correct

Answer Key:

i) b ii) a iii) b iv) b v) b

09606020

B. Consult a thesaurus and find the synonyms of the following words.

morale, voyage, ambition, nomenclature, identity, distinctive, emergence, struggle, numerous, strong, ideology

Words	Synonyms
morale	self esteem
voyage	Journey
ambition	aspiration
nomenclature	codification
identity	character
distinctive	Unique
emergence	Rise
struggle	Attempt
numerous	Many
strong	Powerful
ideology	philosophy

C. Write the antonyms of the following words.

Confidence, honour, belief, separate, unity, political

Words	Antonyms
Confidence	Diffidence
honour	Dishonour
Belief	Disbelief
Separate	Collective
Unity	Disharmony
Political	Nonpolitical

D. Use the following idioms in sentences.

Idioms	Sentences
Bits and pieces	We are divided into bits and pieces on certain issues.
Man in the street	He delivered his speech in such a way that even a man in the street was able to understand it.
Raising spirit	He undertook a countrywide tour for raising people's spirit.
Pass Through	They were passing through the difficult period.
Fall a prey	We have fallen a prey to a fatal disease.

What is Denotation?

Denotation is the literal or "dictionary meaning of words." For example, the word 'snake' in a dictionary will have the denotative meaning scaly and legless. The denotation, therefore, refers to the most basic or specific meaning of a word.

What is a Connotation?

Connotation, on the other hand, refers to the idea that is suggested by or associated with a word. The connotative meanings of a word exist together with the denotative meanings. The connotations for the word 'snake' could include evil or danger. It has the connotation of someone who cannot be trusted. Connotations can be positive or negative. For example, the word 'thin' can have a positive connotation of 'smart' and a negative connotation of 'skinny'.

E. For each of the words given in the column, give one similar meaning (denotation) and one negative and positive connotation.

No.	Words	Denotative Meaning	Positive Connotation	Negative Connotation
1.	Fat	Overweight	Plump	Obese
2.	Notorious	Infamous	Industrious	Criminal
3.	Spinster	Virgin	Old maid	Wretched
4.	Stern	Harsh	Strict	Rigid
5.	Proud	Arrogant	Gorgeous	Snobbish
6.	Shrewd	Cunning	Keen	Selfish
7.	Economical	Frugal	Thrifty	Miserliness
8.	Fail	Unsuccessful	Futile	Decline

GRAMMAR

Adverbs

A word that modifies the meaning of a verb, an adjective, or another adverb is called an adverb. Adverbs usually come in the following positions in a sentence.

Examples:

She was singing beautifully (**adverb of manner**) at a concert (**adverb of place**) last Sunday (**adverb of time**).

Infinitives

- a. You are free **to go** to your mosques.
- b. He made people **work**.

The words given in bold have no subject. We say that **to go** is the infinitive of the verb. Sometimes

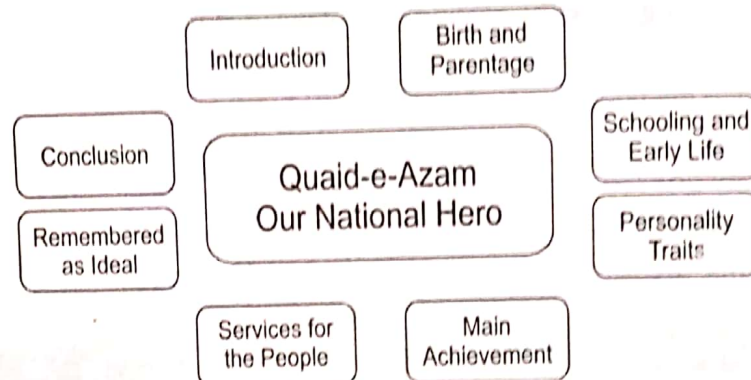
5. I had never seen him before.
6. Pakistani team had won a number of tournaments.
7. The train had left when we reached the station.
8. He had won fame because of his hard work.
9. I had told them not to do that.
10. Muslims had won a great number of wars.

Writing Skills

A. Write a paragraph on Quaid-i-Azam as a progressive and moderate democrat. (60-70 words).

Quaid-e-Azam was the most moderate and democratic leader of the 20th century. He had a clear concept of Islam. He was moderate and democratic in approach that can be observed from his speech. Addressing the Muslim League Convention, the Quaid said, "What are we fighting for? What are we aiming at? It is not a theocracy, nor a theocratic state. Religion is there and it is dear to us. There are other things which are very vital. Our social life, our economic life; and without political power, how can you defend your faith and your economic life?"

B. Write an essay on "Quaid-i-Azam- Our National Hero" with the help of following mind map.



"Quaid-i-Azam- Our National Hero"

Muhammad Ali Jinnah was not only a figure but a great idea of Nature for us. He is famous as Quaid-e-Azam. He is called the father of nation. He was born in Karachi on December 25, 1876. He received his early education from Karachi. After Matriculation, he went to England for higher studies. He qualified from the Lincoln's Inn as a brilliant barrister. On his return to India, he joined the Indian National Congress.

He was the greatest supporter of the Hindu-Muslim unity. But the character of certain narrow-minded Hindu leaders disappointed him. So he decided to join Muslim League. After joining Muslim league, he worked very hard for a separate homeland for the Muslims. The Hindus, the British and a section of Muslim leaders opposed him. But he faced every problem bravely.

In 1934, he became the president of All India Muslim League. On March 23, 1940, in the historic session of the Muslim League in Lahore, the Pakistan Resolution was passed. The dream of a separate homeland came true on August 14, 1947. Quaid-e-Azam became its first Governor - General.

He had great qualities of head and heart. He never compromised over principles. He always meant what he said. He worked day and night to make Pakistan great and strong. Heavy pressure of work affected his health and he died in Karachi in 1948.

Words	Sentences
Affirmed	We affirmed these statements to be true.
Afraid	Razi is afraid of the dark.
Aptitude	He has an aptitude for Mathematics.
Belief	Her belief was resolute.
Challenges	Our country is facing numerous challenges.
Collectively	They decided collectively to attend the spoken classes in UGI.
Concept	It is very difficult to define the concept of beauty.
Despite	We decided to go out despite the bad weather.
Disharmony	Corruption causes disharmony in the society.
Disintegration	Mustafa Kamal saved Turkey from disintegration.
Distinctive	She has got a very distinctive way of dressing.
Divided	The teacher divided the class into three groups.
Emergence	After the emergence of Pakistan Quaid-e-Azam became its first Governor General.
Enormity	The enormity of the task overwhelmed us.
Ethnic	Every country has its own ethnic dishes.
Faith	I have resolute faith in Allah.
Futile	All my attempts to cheer her up proved futile.
Honour	They fought for the honour of their country.
Individually	We should never think individually.
Issue	Pollution is a serious issue.
Leadership	The Muslims got Pakistan under the dynamic leadership of Quaid-e-Azam.
Man in the street	How will these changes affect the man in the street.
Morale	They were defeated because of their low morale.
Motto	Honesty is the best policy is my motto.
Nomenclature	You must follow the scientific nomenclature.
Numerous	Numerous people attended the meeting.
Overcame	He overcame his mistakes.
Overwhelmed	He was overwhelmed with grief.
Pivot	The rotor blades rest on a pivot.
Principle	The Quaid was a man of principles.
Pursuit	Her current pursuit is a career in advertising.
Rectify	Every effort is made to rectify any error before the book is printed.
Separate	The cup got broken into three separate pieces.
Sheer	Her singing was a sheer delight.
Sterling	Asma has may sterling qualities.
Struggle	We should struggle for the betterment of our country.
Succeed	I succeed in every walk of life by the grace of Allah, the Almighty.
Undertook	He undertook the job willingly.
Unity	The new prime minister requested for unity.

Complete the following words with correct missing letters.

09606037

raising spirit, pass through; fall a prey; identity; man in the street; fundamental; accused of; bit pieces; empty; movement; pivot; customs and calendar

Choose the word with correct spellings.

Sr.	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
i.	Biief	Belief✓	Bilefe	Beleef
ii.	Inormity	Enormity✓	Anormity	Anermity
iii.	Civelization	Civilization	Civilization✓	Ciavilization
iv.	Aptetude	Aptitude✓	Apptitude	Aptetued
v.	building✓	Bulding	Building	Bueilding
vi.	Sobcontinent	Subcontinent✓	Subkontinant	Subcantinent
vii.	Distract✓	Destract	Destreret	Distrect
viii.	Dsipline	Deipline	Discipline✓	Dscipline
ix.	Pivat	Pivoat	Pivot✓	Pevot
x.	Independent✓	Indapendent	Indepandent	Indapandant
xi.	Numerous✓	Numerus	Numorus	Nemerous
xii.	Emaragence	Emmeranence	Emergence✓	Emargance
xiii.	Embition	Ambition✓	Ombition	Imbition
xiv.	Journey✓	Jerney	Journay	Jorney
xv.	Hestory	Hestery	Hestorey	History✓
xvi.	Literature✓	Lieteratur	Leiterature	Literatuere
xvii.	Morale✓	Morele	Murale	Merale
xviii.	Naation	Nation✓	Nction	Neition
xix.	Whole✓	Wheole	Whoel	Whle
xx.	Afirmed	effiermed	Affirmed✓	Afferemed

Choose the correct meanings of the underlined.

09606039

Sr.	Questions	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
i.	Do not be <u>afraid</u> of death.	Attended	Scared✓	Squared up	None of these
ii.	The word <u>emerging</u> means:	Disappear	Forsake	Rising✓	Neglect
iii.	<u>Pivot</u> means:	End point	Central point✓	Power point	Beginning point
iv.	<u>Self-esteem</u> means:	Horror	honour✓	Hour	Shortage
v.	We should <u>face</u> it bravely to save the honour of Pakistan and Islam.	Repair	Cope with✓	Correct	Separate
vi.	'We are a nation', he <u>affirmed</u> . Or He <u>affirmed</u> three years before the birth of Pakistan.	Told	Said✓ emphatically	Broke in	Advised

vii.	Keep up your morale .	Wealth	Self-esteem✓	Section	Voice
viii.	We are divided into bits and pieces on certain issues.	Pieces of cloth	Broken into pieces	Disunited✓	United
ix.	Do not be overwhelmed by the enormity of the task.	Stunning	Challenging✓	alarming	winning
x.	You are made of sterling material and second to none.	aimed	mibility	Of the highest quality✓	alleviation
xi.	Do not be overwhelmed by the enormity of the task.	Affected deeply✓	Accepted	Murdered	Slaughtered
xii.	History and tradition, aptitude and ambitions	Skilful	Natural ability✓	Chilled	Cool
xiii.	Today the Quaid -e- Azam's Pakistan is facing numerous challenges.	Slight	Little	A few	Many✓

Choose the correct option according to the grammar.

09606040

Sr.	Questions	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
i.	Ali ran quickly . The underlined word is a/ an _____.	Verb	Adverb✓	Noun	Adjective
ii.	He is found of cooking . The underlined word is a/an _____.	Gerund✓	Present participle	Infinitive	Past participle
iii.	Go is a/an _____.	Past participle	Gerund	Present participle	Infinitive ✓
iv.	Quaid-e-Azam was a man of strong faith and belief. The sentence is in _____.	Present tense	Past tense✓	Future tense	Past perfect tense.
v.	She was singing last Sunday .	Adverb of manner	Adverb of frequency	Adverb of place	Adverb of time✓
vi.	You are free to go to your houses. Here to go is _____.	Gerund	Infinitive✓	Verb	Adverb
vii.	The baby began to cry . The underlined word is a/an _____.	Noun	Adjective	Adverb	Infinitive✓
viii.	Painting is good fun. The underlined word is _____.	Infinitive	Present participle	Gerund✓	Past participle
ix.	She was singing beautiful at a concert . The underlined word is a /an _____.	Adverb of manner	adverb of place✓	Adverb of time	Adverb of degree
x.	' Smoking ' is injurious to health. The underlined word is:	Infinitive	Gerund✓	Present participle	Sentence
xi.	He said in a speech at Lahore . The underlined word is:	Adjective	Pronoun	Adverb of Place✓	Adverb of time

xii.	You are made of <u>sterling</u> material. The underlined word is:	Noun	Verb	Phrase	Adjective ✓
xiii.	Quaid was a man of strong belief and faith in religion <u>as well as</u> a moderate and progressive democate. The underlined word is:	Verb	Conditional Clause	Conjunction ✓	None of these
xiv.	You <u>may</u> belong to any religion. The underlined word is:	Interrogative Pronoun	Modal Verb ✓	Noun	None of these
xv.	Today the Quaid-e-Azam's Pakistan is passing through difficult times <u>because</u> many among us have forgotten how much struggle Muslims had made. The underlined word is:	Adverb of reason ✓	Indirect Object	Pronoun	Adverb